## Complex Exponentials:

1. Simplify the following expressions. Give your answers both in polar and in rectangular form.
a) $c=3 e^{j \pi / 4}+4 e^{-j \pi / 2}$
b) $\mathrm{c}=(-1+2 \mathrm{j})^{5}$
c) $c=2 e^{j \pi / 2}-3 e^{j \pi / 3}$
2. Use phasor addition to put the following into the form of $\mathrm{x}(\mathrm{t})=\mathrm{A} \cos (\omega \mathrm{t}+\theta)$
a) $x(t)=\sin (4 t)+0.5 \cos (4 t)$
b) $\mathrm{x}(\mathrm{t})=60 \sin (120 \pi \mathrm{t})+120 \cos \left(120 \pi \mathrm{t}-20^{\circ}\right)$
